Dr Anastasia Koch

Eh!woza (Co-founder) Molecular Mycobacteriology Research Unit, IDM, UCT (Honorary Lecturer)

Wellcome Connecting Science Pathogen Genomics: A New Era in Global Health and Surveillance Strategies:

Introduction (brief!) to public engagement



Incubated within the Institute of Infectious Disease and Molecular Medicine, University of Cape Town.

2013 – 2019: Informal and distinct projects. 2020: An independent NPO facilitated by a Wellcome Discretionary Award in Public Engagement.

HIWO2 FLocom

Public engagement + youth advocacy + science communication + skills development

To coalesce the biomedicine of disease with its social impact.

Participants = active partners

- Facilitate access to accurate information.
- Ignite frank conversations.
- Storytelling and representation of health and disease.
- Develop capacity.

Long term goals:

- Encourage positive health-seeking behaviour.
- Engender trust.
- Decrease stigma.

ed young visual artist/ co-founder and managing director

tasha koch scientist/ co-founder and managing director

S FALLING WALLS

bianca masuku social anthropologist/ co-director

mitchell gilbert messina visual artist/ animator

US.



AILLE

ANAIS

samuel flans musician/ junior creative director cheleka mpande immunologist/ impact assessment researcher digby warner molecular microbiologist/ co-director

> zondikazi mtonjeni administration

> > Aocom

EHHWO

alfa fipaza

drone operator

camera/

Funders, partners and support networks.











SAMRC/NHLS/UCT Molecular Mycobacteriology Research Unit NATIONAL HEALTH Samrc







































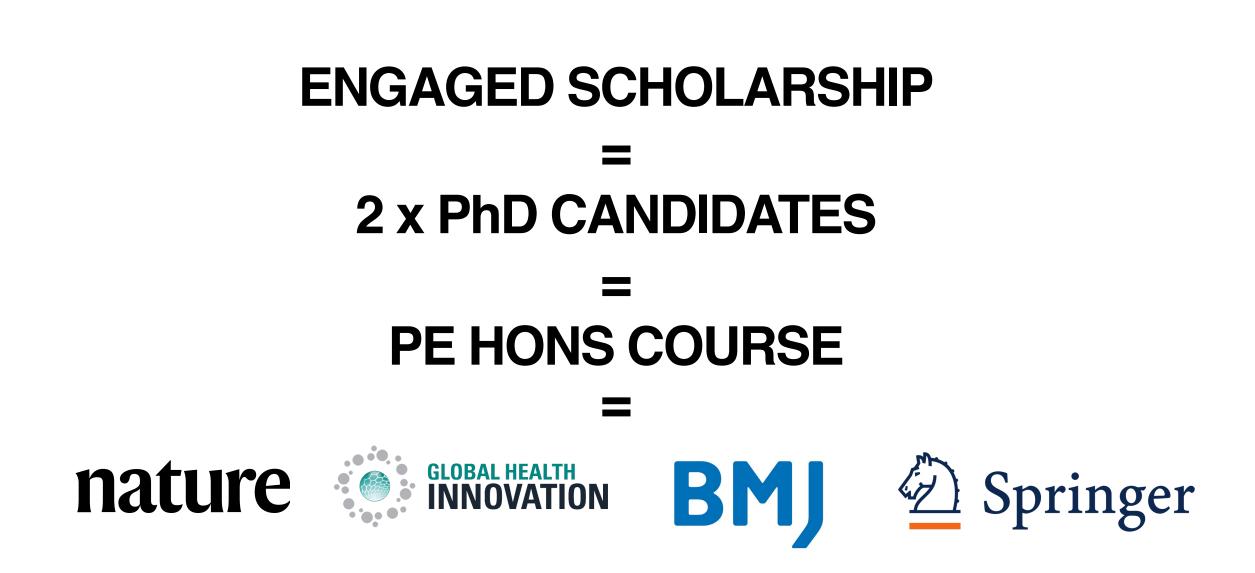
SCIENCE COMMUNICATION





There are many myths around what causes TB





PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT: What is public engagement and why is it important?

 "Public engagement describes the myriad of ways in which the activity and benefits of higher education and research can be shared with the public. Engagement is by definition a two-way process, involving interaction and listening, with the goal of generating mutual benefit."

National Co-ordinating Centre for Public Engagement, UK

 "The involvement of specialists listening to, developing their understanding of, and interacting with, nonspecialists"

England's university funding agency, HEFCE, 2006

Wellcome Trust (2018*):

- **Empower** people, so that more people can access, use, respond to and participate in health research and innovation
- **Improve health** research by making it more people-centered, understanding people's experience and drawing on that knowledge
- Help people value and think critically about science, health research, innovation and the role these play in society.

*Could be updated to reflect Wellcome's new strategy



PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT: Public engagement and ethics?

- Beneficence/non-maleficence: First do no harm!
- Consent
- Genuine two-way engagement rather than top down
- Collaboration and shared learning and teaching
- Transparency, trust, respect
- Ticking of boxes discouraged consider your motivations for doing this work
- Consider context and issues being engaged as well as power dynamics
- UNICEF Minimum Standards and Indicators for Engagement Consultation



PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT: Public engagement and impact assessment?

- Becoming increasingly important to generate data for the impact of public engagement
- What does public engagement actually do, and why is it worth it to keep doing it?
- Did the project/programme do what you intended it to do? Did it have any unintended impact?
- Qualitative/Quantitative/Both
- Try to include in project/programme design
- What are you measuring?
 - Change in knowledge?
 - Change in skills?
 - Change in agency?
 - Change in behavior?
 - Output metrics?



PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT: Tips for developing and implementing public engagement work

- Ensure information is very accurate first do no harm!
- Remain flexible and response much can change and quickly.
- Try to understand what people already know through desktop research, short surveys, focus group, informal discussion – lived experience matters!
- Consider the context meet people where they are and think about how engagement could best be delivered.
- Find out if there are other people working on the same topics provide access or collaboration?
- Consider working with people outside your field "Connectors" (<u>https://mesh.tghn.org/themes/connectors/</u>)
- Maintain a keen awareness of power dynamics carefully discuss expectations and project with your team.
- Start small and build as you learn.
- Join public engagement communities of practice (see next slide).



PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT: Further resources and guides

Eh!woza: www.ehwoza.com; tash@ehwoza.com

Wellcome Trust Public Engagement: https://wellcome.ac.uk/what-we-do/our-work/public-engagement

Falling Walls Engage: https://falling-walls.com/engage/about/

National Co-ordinating Centre for Public Engagement: <u>https://www.publicengagement.ac.uk/</u>

UK-National Institute for Health Research: https://www.bmj.com/content/372/bmj.n178.full

Top 20 tips for public engagement: https://www.theguardian.com/higher-education-network/blog/2013/jun/17/university-public-engagement-top-tips

Ethical considerations in participatory media: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5800484/

PLOS Collection: Public Engagement in Science: http://collections.plos.org/public-engagement

Berlin School of Public Engagement: https://www.museumfuernaturkunde.berlin/en/future/science-campus/berlin-school-public-engagement-and-open-science

CREST: https://www0.sun.ac.za/crest/

Vocal: https://wearevocal.org

Connectors: https://mesh.tghn.org/themes/connectors/

MESH: https://mesh.tghn.org

Africa Gong: https://www.africangong.org

Under the Microscope: https://www.underthemicroscope.net

OKRE: https://okre.org/okre-fund/

.... Many more.

