## Best practices for presenting your data

Alt-text Figure 2 - A pie chart with too many categories
A pie and a bar chart showing the same data from a survey on social customer service: $45 \%$ excellent, $30 \%$ mediocre, $15 \%$ awful and $10 \%$ average. It emphasises that for 4 categories a bar chart is more visually appealing

Alt-text Figure 3 - A bar graph without a baseline.
Illustration of two bar plots. Both indicate the quantity of "a" and "b" measures of " $X$ " and " $Y$ " subjects. However, the plot on the left of the $y$-axis goes from 0 to 100 , while on the right, it goes from 50 to 100. The difference between $a$ and $b$ seems greater on the right-side plot - $a$ truncated axis distortion - which leads to message exaggeration/understatement type of deception

